

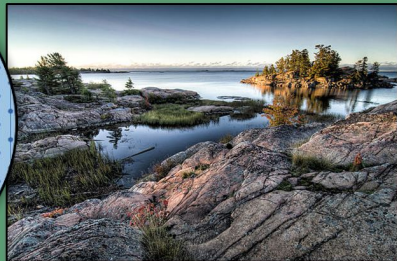
Canada's GEOGRAPHY

Presentation, Graphic Organizers, & Activities

Canadian Shield

- The Canadian Shield is a huge physical region in central and eastern Canada that stretches from the Great Lakes to the Arctic Ocean.
- It covers nearly half of Canada's land area.

**Brain
Wrinkles**



Canada's Geography CLOZE Notes 2

Great Lakes

- The Great Lakes are _____ in central North America.
- They are located _____ between the United States and Canada.
- From east to west, the Great Lakes are Lake Ontario, Lake Erie, Lake Huron, Lake Michigan, and Lake Superior (_____).
- The Great Lakes form a valuable _____ for many products shipped to and from the US.
- The region is one of the world's _____ lives around the Great Lakes region.

Rocky Mountains

- The Rocky Mountains are a mountain range located in _____.
- They extend over _____ northern British Columbia.
- Because of the terrain, the Rocky Mountains _____.
- There are _____.
- Followed closely by logging.
- Major minerals found here include iron _____.

St. Lawrence River

- The St. Lawrence River is a huge producer of _____.
- The St. Lawrence River is a huge producer of _____.
- It is also a major source of overseas _____.
- In 1959, the United States and Canada _____.
- The St. Lawrence River has made cities in eastern _____.
- Because of the climate, the St. Lawrence River _____.

Vocab Snapchat

Create a snapchat about one of Canada's physical features. Include a visual and text to describe the feature.

To: _____ From: _____

Text: _____

CANADA



- Directions:**
1. Label the following physical features:
 - Pacific Ocean
 - Atlantic Ocean
 - Canadian Shield
 - Hudson Bay
 - Great Lakes
 - Rocky Mountains
 - St. Lawrence River
 2. Create a map key that includes symbols for:
 - Oceans
 - St. Lawrence River
 - Rocky Mountains
 - Hudson Bay
 - Great Lakes
 - Canadian Shield

You Are Now Entering...

Directions: Choose one of Canada's physical features and create a "welcome sign" that visitors will see as they enter the feature's region. The sign should include key facts about the feature, as well as significant illustrations.

STANDARDS:

SS6G4 Locate selected features of Canada.

- a. Locate on a world and regional political-physical map: the St. Lawrence River, Hudson Bay, Atlantic Ocean, Pacific Ocean, the Great Lakes, Canadian Shield, and Rocky Mountains.
- b. Locate on a world and regional political-physical map Canada and the province of Quebec

TEACHER INFO:

- Print off the following 2 pages for each student. (Print front-to-back to save paper.)
- Students should use an atlas to label the map **before** the presentation.



Directions:

1. Label the following physical features:

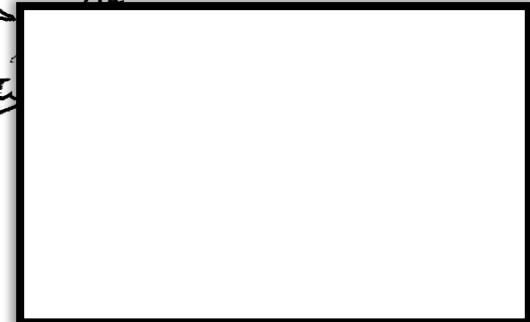
- Pacific Ocean
- Atlantic Ocean
- Canadian Shield
- Hudson bay
- Great Lakes
- Rocky Mountains
- St. Lawrence River

2. Create a map key that includes symbols for:

- Oceans
- St. Lawrence River
- Rocky Mountains
- Hudson Bay
- Great Lakes
- Canadian Shield

3. Draw the symbol for each feature next to the correct label on the map. Color all symbols!

Map Key



KEY



Directions:

1. Label the following physical features:

- Pacific Ocean
- Atlantic Ocean
- Canadian Shield
- Hudson bay
- Great Lakes
- Rocky Mountains
- St. Lawrence River

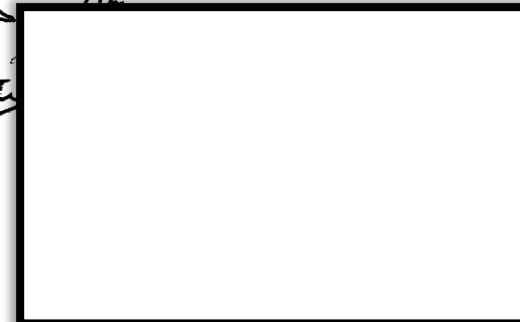
2. Create a map key that includes symbols for:

- Oceans
- St. Lawrence River
- Rocky Mountains
- Hudson Bay
- Great Lakes
- Canadian Shield

3. Draw the symbol for each feature next to the correct label on the map. Color all symbols!

Atlantic Ocean

Map Key



TEACHER INFO: CLOZE Notes

- The next pages are handouts for the students to use for note-taking during the presentation. (Print front to back to save paper and ink.)
- Check the answers as a class after the presentation.

Canada

- Canada lies on the _____ continent, in the northern and western hemispheres.
- It is the _____ country in the world—only Russia is bigger.
- Its land stretches over _____ from one side to the other.
- The _____ forms Canada's southern border.
- Canada is made up of _____ (like states) and three territories.
- _____ is the capital of Canada and it is located in the province of Ontario.
- _____ is located in eastern Canada and is the country's largest province.

Pacific Ocean

- The Pacific Ocean is the _____ of the world's five oceans.
- It _____ of the earth's surface.
- The Pacific Ocean borders Canada _____.
- It is a _____ from Canada to Asia.

Atlantic Ocean

- The Atlantic Ocean is the _____ of the world's five oceans.
- It is the world's _____ ocean.
- The Atlantic Ocean borders Canada _____.
- It is a major shipping route from Canada to _____.

Canadian Shield

- The Canadian Shield is a huge physical region that covers most of _____ Canada.
- It covers _____ of Canada's land area.
- The shield forms a _____ around Hudson Bay and stretches from the Great Lakes to the Arctic Ocean.
- The Canadian Shield is _____ because it is covered in mostly thin soil on top of layers of rock.
- However, it is _____, such as trees, minerals, and water.
- It also contains _____ made by glaciers.
- The region is _____.

Hudson Bay

- Hudson Bay is a _____ located in east-central Canada.
- (A gulf is an arm of a sea or ocean _____.)
- It is connected to both the _____ Oceans.
- It is named after the English explorer Henry Hudson.
- Grain from Alberta and Saskatchewan is shipped from Hudson Bay out to the Atlantic Ocean and on to other countries _____.
- Because of the harsh climate, Hudson Bay is only navigable _____.

Great Lakes

- The Great Lakes are _____ in central North America.
- They are located _____ between the United States and Canada.
- From east to west, the Great Lakes are Lake Ontario, Lake Erie, Lake Huron, Lake Michigan, and Lake Superior (_____).
- The Great Lakes form a valuable _____ for many products shipped to and from the US.
- The region is one of the world's _____.
- _____ lives around the Great Lakes region.

Rocky Mountains

- The Rocky Mountains are a mountain range located in _____ and the United States.
- They extend over _____ from New Mexico to northern British Columbia.
- Because of the terrain, the Rocky Mountains are _____ and contain few cities.
- There are _____ within the Canadian Rockies.
- _____ is the biggest industry in the region, followed closely by logging.
- Major minerals found here include iron ore, _____.
- The Rockies are also a popular tourist destination, and most of the Canadian Rockies are now protected as _____.

St. Lawrence River

- The St. Lawrence River _____ with the Atlantic Ocean.
- The St. Lawrence River is a huge producer of _____.
- It is also a major source of overseas and US-Canada _____.
- In 1959, the United States and Canada completed the _____, which is a series of locks, canals, and dams that allow huge cargo ships to travel from the Atlantic Ocean to the Great Lakes.
- The seaway has made cities in eastern Canada home to many _____.

Canada

- Canada lies on the **North American** continent, in the northern and western hemispheres.
- It is the **second largest** country in the world—only Russia is bigger.
- Its land stretches over **3,000 miles** from one side to the other.
- The **United States** forms Canada's southern border.
- Canada is made up of **ten provinces** (like states) and three territories.
- **Ottawa** is the capital of Canada and it is located in the province of Ontario.
- **Quebec** is located in eastern Canada and is the country's largest province.

Pacific Ocean

- The Pacific Ocean is the **largest and deepest** of the world's five oceans.
- It **covers 1/3rd** of the earth's surface.
- The Pacific Ocean borders Canada **to the west**.
- It is a **major shipping route** from Canada to Asia.

Atlantic Ocean

- The Atlantic Ocean is the **second largest** of the world's five oceans.
- It is the world's **most heavily traveled** ocean.
- The Atlantic Ocean borders Canada **to the east**.
- It is a major shipping route from Canada to **Europe and Africa**.

Canadian Shield

- The Canadian Shield is a huge physical region that covers most of **eastern and southern** Canada.
- It covers **nearly half** of Canada's land area.
- The shield forms a **horseshoe-shaped curve** around Hudson Bay and stretches from the Great Lakes to the Arctic Ocean.
- The Canadian Shield is **not good for farming** because it is covered in mostly thin soil on top of layers of rock.
- However, it is **rich in natural resources**, such as trees, minerals, and water.
- It also contains **thousands of lakes** made by glaciers.
- The region is **sparsely populated**.

Hudson Bay

- Hudson Bay is a **massive gulf** located in east-central Canada.
- (A gulf is an arm of a sea or ocean **partly enclosed by land**.)
- It is connected to both the **Atlantic and Arctic** Oceans.
- It is named after the English explorer Henry Hudson.
- Grain from Alberta and Saskatchewan is shipped from Hudson Bay out to the Atlantic Ocean and on to other countries **around the world**.
- Because of the harsh climate, Hudson Bay is only navigable **from July to October**.

Great Lakes

- The Great Lakes are **five freshwater lakes** in central North America.
- They are located **along the border** between the United States and Canada.
- From east to west, the Great Lakes are Lake Ontario, Lake Erie, Lake Huron, Lake Michigan, and Lake Superior (**HOMES**).
- The Great Lakes form a valuable **transportation network** for many products shipped to and from the US.
- The region is one of the world's **busiest shipping areas**.
- **Much of Canada's population** lives around the Great Lakes region.

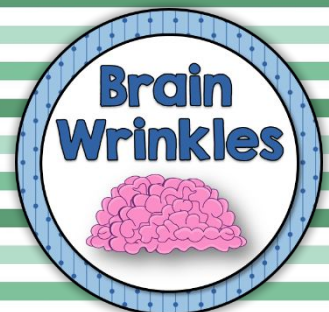
Rocky Mountains

- The Rocky Mountains are a mountain range located in **western Canada** and the United States.
- They extend over **2000 miles** from New Mexico to northern British Columbia.
- Because of the terrain, the Rocky Mountains are **sparsely populated** and contain few cities.
- There are **numerous glaciers** within the Canadian Rockies.
- **Mining** is the biggest industry in the region, followed closely by logging.
- Major minerals found here include iron ore, **copper, coal, and gold**.
- The Rockies are also a popular tourist destination, and most of the Canadian Rockies are now protected as **national parks**.

St. Lawrence River

- The St. Lawrence River **connects the Great Lakes** with the Atlantic Ocean.
- The St. Lawrence River is a huge producer of **hydroelectricity**.
- It is also a major source of overseas and US-Canada **shipping and trading**.
- In 1959, the United States and Canada completed the **St. Lawrence Seaway**, which is a series of locks, canals, and dams that allow huge cargo ships to travel from the Atlantic Ocean to the Great Lakes.
- The seaway has made cities in eastern Canada home to many **successful manufacturing companies**.
- Because of the climate, the St. Lawrence Seaway is closed from **November to April**.

CANADA'S GEOGRAPHY



Canada

- Canada lies on the North American continent, in the northern and western hemispheres.
- It is the second largest country in the world—only Russia is bigger.
 - Its land stretches over 3,000 miles from one side to the other.
- The United States forms Canada's southern border.



Canada

- Canada is made up of ten provinces (like states) and three territories.
- Ottawa is the capital of Canada and it is located in the province of Ontario.
- Quebec is located in eastern Canada and is the country's largest province.



Pacific Ocean

- The Pacific Ocean is the largest and deepest of the world's five oceans.
- It covers $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ of the earth's surface.
- The Pacific Ocean borders Canada to the west.
- It is a major shipping route from Canada to Asia.



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Atlantic Ocean

- The Atlantic Ocean is the second largest of the world's five oceans.
- It is the world's most heavily traveled ocean.
- The Atlantic Ocean borders Canada to the east.
- It is a major shipping route from Canada to Europe and Africa.





Canadian Shield

- The Canadian Shield is a huge physical region that covers most of eastern and southern Canada.
- It covers nearly half of Canada's land area.
- The shield forms a horseshoe-shaped curve around Hudson Bay and stretches from the Great Lakes to the Arctic Ocean.



Canadian Shield

- The Canadian Shield is not good for farming because it is covered in mostly thin soil on top of layers of rock.
- However, it is rich in natural resources, such as trees, minerals, and water.
- It also contains thousands of lakes made by glaciers.
- The region is sparsely populated.





Hudson Bay

- Hudson Bay is a massive gulf located in east-central Canada.
 - (A gulf is an arm of a sea or ocean partly enclosed by land.)
- It is connected to both the Atlantic and Arctic Oceans.
- It is named after the English explorer Henry Hudson.





Hudson Bay

- Grain from Alberta and Saskatchewan is shipped from Hudson Bay out to the Atlantic Ocean and on to other countries around the world.
- Because of the harsh climate, Hudson Bay is only navigable from July to October.





Great Lakes

- The Great Lakes are five freshwater lakes in central North America.
- They are located along the border between the United States and Canada.
- From east to west, the Great Lakes are Lake Ontario, Lake Erie, Lake Huron, Lake Michigan, and Lake Superior (HOMES).





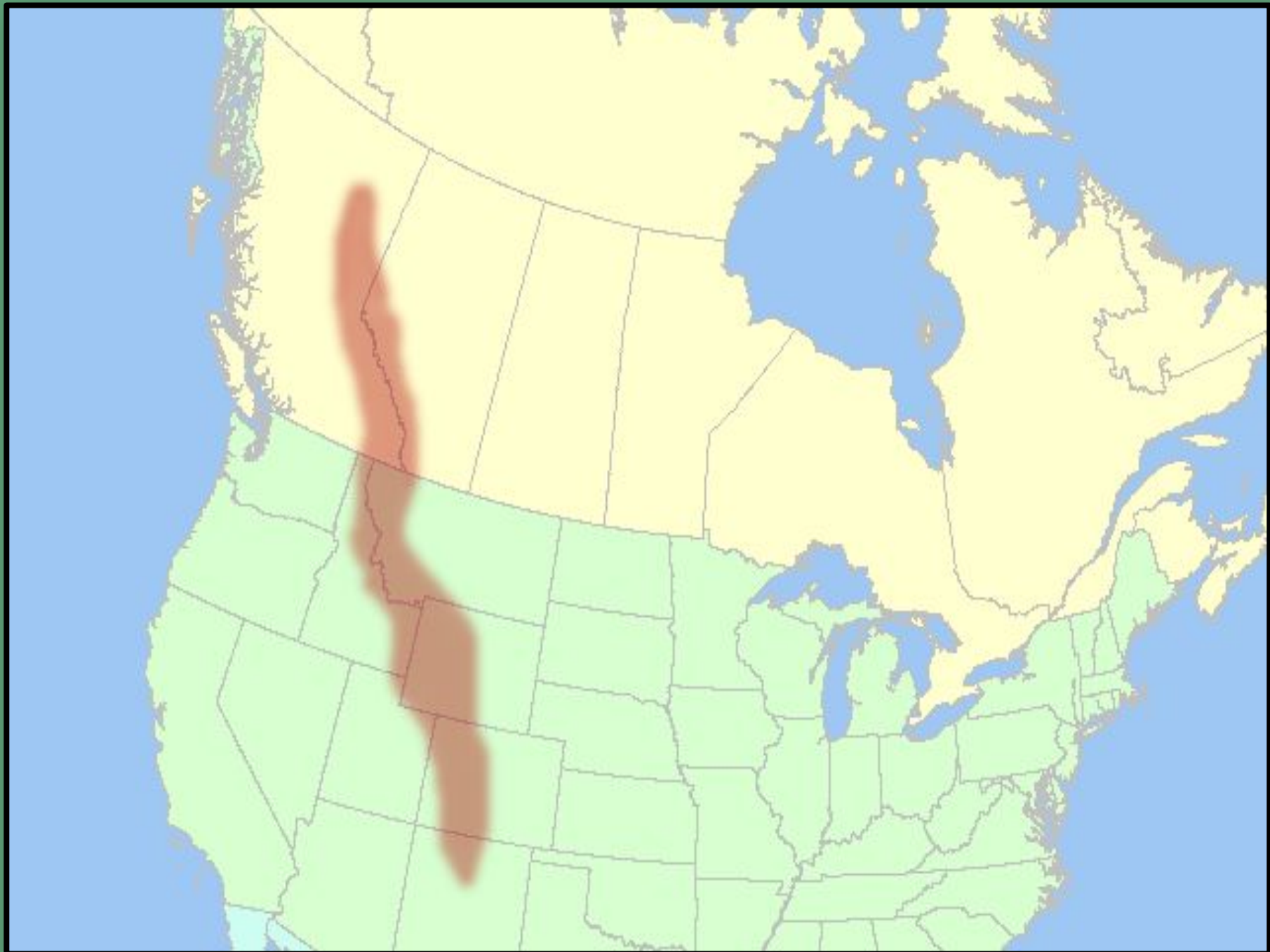
Great Lakes

- The Great Lakes form a valuable transportation network for many products shipped to and from the US.
- The region is one of the world's busiest shipping areas.
- Much of Canada's population lives around the Great Lakes region.



Rocky Mountains

- The Rocky Mountains are a mountain range located in western Canada and the United States.
- They extend over 2000 miles from New Mexico to northern British Columbia.
- Because of the terrain, the Rocky Mountains are sparsely populated and contain few cities.



Rocky Mountains

- There are numerous glaciers within the Canadian Rockies.
- Mining is the biggest industry in the region, followed closely by logging.
- Major minerals found here include iron ore, copper, coal, and gold.
- The Rockies are also a popular tourist destination, and most of the Canadian Rockies are now protected as national parks.



St. Lawrence River

- The St. Lawrence River connects the Great Lakes with the Atlantic Ocean.
- The St. Lawrence River is a huge producer of hydroelectricity.
- It is also a major source of overseas and US-Canada shipping and trading.



St. Lawrence River

- In 1959, the United States and Canada completed the St. Lawrence Seaway, which is a series of locks, canals, and dams that allow huge cargo ships to travel from the Atlantic Ocean to the Great Lakes.
- The seaway has made cities in eastern Canada home to many successful manufacturing companies.
- Because of the climate, the St. Lawrence Seaway is closed from November to April.





TEACHER INFO:

- Print off the following slide for each student.
- They should complete the chart while discussing the presentation.
- Check answers as a class when finished. If time, have students color their pictures.

Canada's Physical Features

Directions: Complete the chart below with information that you learned during the presentation. If time allows, color your illustrations.

<p>Pacific Ocean</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>Great Lakes</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Atlantic Ocean</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>Rocky Mountains</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Canadian Shield</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>St. Lawrence River</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Hudson Bay</p> <p>What:</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	

Canada's Physical Features **KEY**

Directions: Complete the chart below with information that you learned during the presentation. If time allows, color your illustrations.

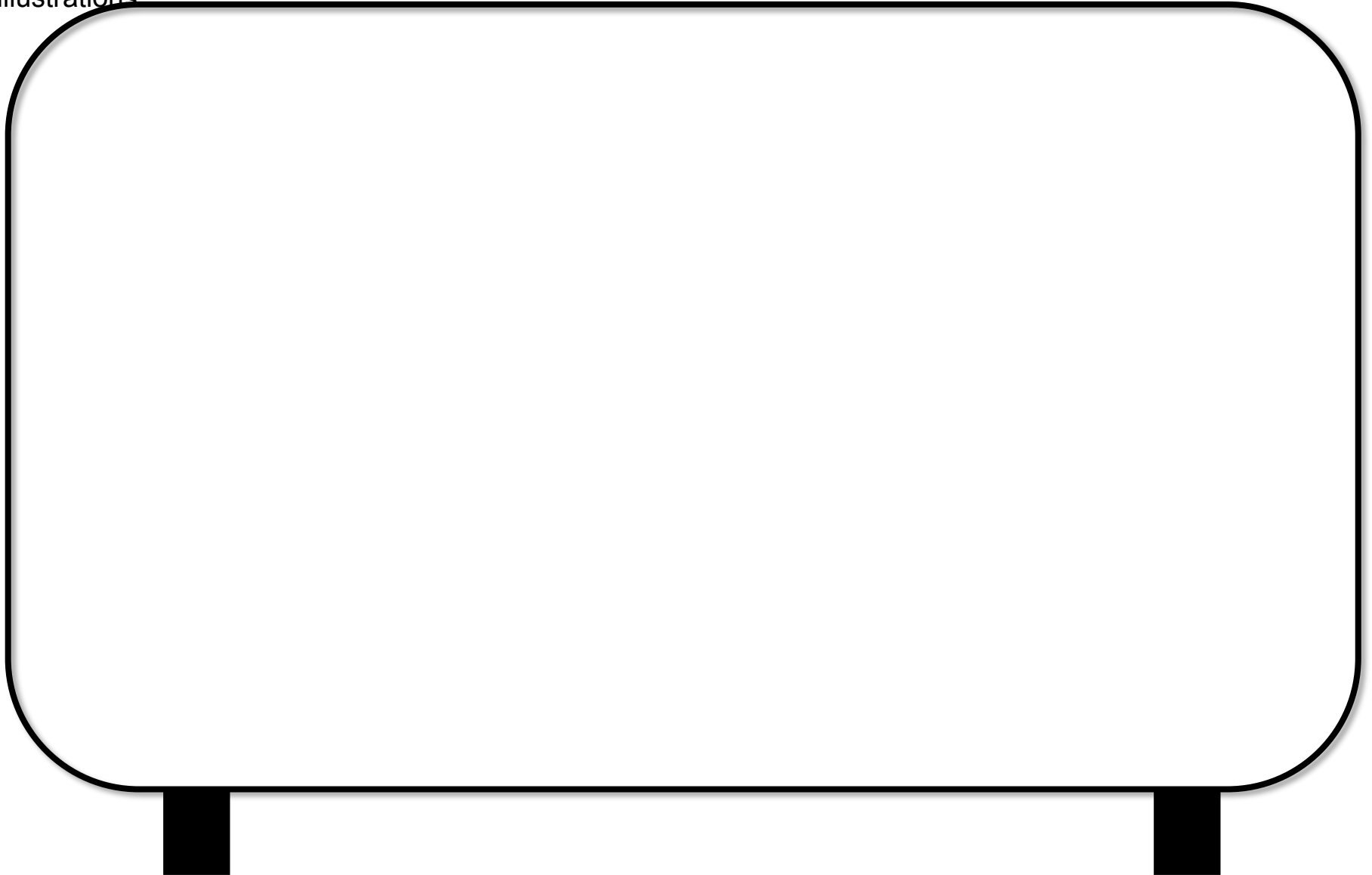
<p>Pacific Ocean</p> <p>What: largest & deepest ocean</p> <p>Where: Canada's western border</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>Great Lakes</p> <p>What: 5 freshwater lakes that form valuable shipping & trading network</p> <p>Where: along the US-Canada border</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Atlantic Ocean</p> <p>What: major shipping route to Europe and Africa</p> <p>Where: Canada's eastern border</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>Rocky Mountains</p> <p>What: mountain chain that extends 2000 miles; rich in minerals</p> <p>Where: western Canada and US</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Canadian Shield</p> <p>What: huge region rich in minerals, trees, and water</p> <p>Where: curves around Hudson Bay in central and eastern Canada</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	<p>St. Lawrence River</p> <p>What: major source of US-Canada and overseas trading</p> <p>Where: connects Great Lakes to Atlantic Ocean</p> <p>Illustration:</p>
<p>Hudson Bay</p> <p>What: massive gulf that connects to Arctic and Atlantic Oceans</p> <p>Where: east-central Canada</p> <p>Illustration:</p>	

TEACHER INFO: Billboard

- Pass out the Billboard handout to each student.
- Have the students choose one of Canada's physical features and create a "welcome sign" that visitors will see as they enter the feature's region.
- The sign should include key facts about the feature, as well as illustrations.

You Are Now Entering...

Directions: Choose one of Canada's physical features and create a "welcome sign" that visitors will see as they enter the feature's region. The sign should include key facts about the feature, as well as significant illustrations



TEACHER INFO: Flyswatter Review

- Project the blank map of Canada on the whiteboard.
- Put the students into groups and have one member from each group come to the board.
- Call out different features in Canada and have the students use flyswatters to hit the location.
- The first person to hit it correctly wins!

FLYSWATTER

REVIEW

- One member from each team will come to the board.
- I will call out different political and physical features of Canada.
- If you know where the feature or country is located, you should hit the location on the map.
- The first person to correctly hit the location wins a point!



Canada

TEACHER INFO: Comprehension Check

- Print off the Comprehension Check for each student.
- The students will complete this handout at the end of the lesson. You can count this as a quiz!

Canada's Geography

Comprehension Check

1. Which landform in Canada, located along the Hudson Bay, is rich in minerals?
2. Which country shares a border with Canada?
3. Why are the Great Lakes valuable to the United States and Canada?
4. Which ocean forms Canada's western border?
5. What body of water connects the Great Lakes with the Atlantic Ocean?
6. What body of water is located in east-central Canada?
7. What mountain range do the United States and Canada share along the western coast?
8. What did Canada and the United States build in 1959 to open the Great Lakes up to shipping in the Atlantic Ocean?
9. Which ocean forms Canada's eastern border?
10. Name three natural resources found in the Canadian Shield:

Canada's Geography

Comprehension Check

1. Which landform in Canada, located along the Hudson Bay, is rich in minerals?

Canadian Shield

2. Which country shares a border with Canada?

United States

3. Why are the Great Lakes valuable to the United States and Canada?

They form an important shipping and trading network

4. Which ocean forms Canada's western border?

Pacific Ocean

5. What body of water connects the Great Lakes with the Atlantic Ocean?

St Lawrence River

6. What body of water is located in east-central Canada?

Hudson Bay

7. What mountain range do the United States and Canada share along the western coast?

Rocky Mountains

8. What did Canada and the United States build in 1959 to open the Great Lakes up to shipping in the Atlantic Ocean?

St Lawrence Seaway

9. Which ocean forms Canada's eastern border?

Atlantic Ocean

10. Name three natural resources found in the Canadian Shield:

Timber, minerals, water

TEACHER INFO: TICKET OUT THE DOOR

- Print off the following slide & make a copy for each student. (They are two-per-page).
- Have the students create a snapchat message for one of the physical features from the lesson.
- The message should include an illustration that represents the feature, as well as text to describe it.

Name:

Vocab Snapchat

Create a snapchat about one of Canada's physical features. Include a visual and text to describe the feature.

To:

From:



Text:

Name:

Vocab Snapchat

Create a snapchat about one of Canada's physical features. Include a visual and text to describe the feature.

To:

From:

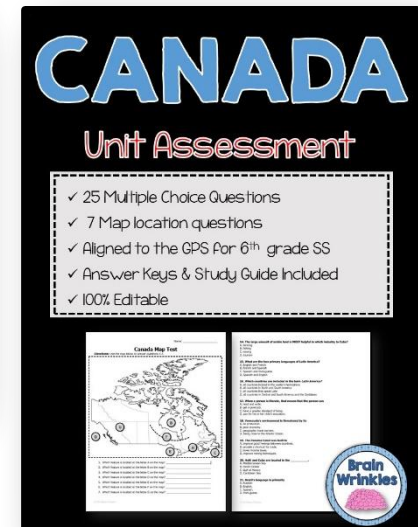
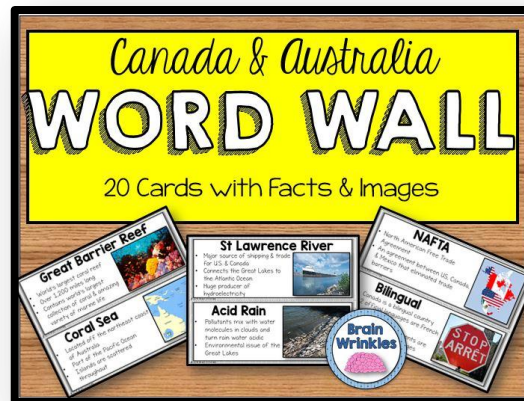
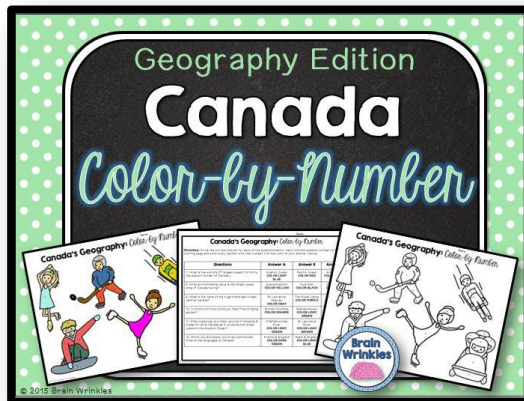


Text:

Thank You!

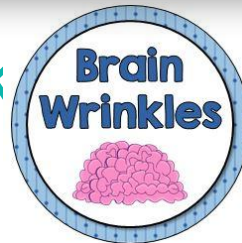
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Best wishes,

Ansley at Brain Wrink



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